

THE RISE OF CHINA IN SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

The global landscape of science and engineering (S&E) research, education, and business activities has undergone dramatic shifts since the turn of the century. China, as it invests heavily in building its S&E capabilities, is challenging the traditional leaders in the S&E enterprise - the United States, European Union, and Japan.

A country's strength in S&E arises from a skilled, STEM-capable workforce and sustained investment in research and development (R&D) to produce new knowledge and innovations. Four vital benchmarks of S&E performance are drawn from the *Overview* of the *2018 Science and Engineering Indicators* report, and highlighted here: R&D expenditures, production from high-technology manufacturing, bachelor's degree awards in S&E, and peer-reviewed S&E publications.

Research and Development

R&D spending is a driver of innovation. In 2015, the U.S. spent the most on R&D of any single country, accounting for 26% (\$496 billion) of the estimated 1.9 trillion global total. China was a decisive second at 21% (\$409 billion). China spends 5% of its total R&D funds on basic research and 85% on development, while the U.S. spends 17% on basic research and 64% on development.

China has rapidly increased R&D spending over time – an average of 18% per year between 2000 and 2015, compared to 4% in the U.S.

If current trends continue, the National Science Board expects China to pass the U.S. in R&D expenditures by the end of 2018.

High-technology manufacturing

supercomputers, the nation's

lowest share over the past 25 years.



High-Technology Manufacturing

industries include aerospace, computer and communications equipment, Billions semiconductors, pharmaceuticals, and \$600 scientific instruments. The global output from high-technology manufacturing totaled \$1.6 trillion in 2016. The U.S. \$500 (31%) and China (24%) were the largest providers of the global share. China's \$400 output has risen sharply over time and now exceeds that of the EU. \$300 As of November 2017, China \$200 claims 202 of the fastest 500 supercomputers in the world. The \$100 U.S. has 143 of the world's fastest

Production by high-technology manufacturing industries by selected country or region: 2001 to 2016



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Science and Engineering Bachelor's Degrees

A country's investment in S&E education leads to a skilled, STEMcapable workforce. Globally, bachelor's degrees in S&E fields totaled more than 7.5 million in 2014. Almost half of these degrees were conferred in two Asian countries: India (25%) and China (22%). India is not shown due to intermittent data. The EU and U.S. followed with 12% and 10% of the global share, respectively.

Between 2000 and 2014, the number of S&E bachelor's degrees awarded in China rose more than 360% to 1.7 million. The U.S. had more moderate growth (54%) over the same period.

> Between 2000 and 2014, the number of non-S&E bachelor's degrees awarded in China rose 1200% to 1.8 million.



Bachelor's degrees awarded in S&E fields by selected country or region: 2000 to 2014

Science and Engineering Publications

Scientific research produces new knowledge that may spur innovation. The top two single countries producing peer-reviewed S&E articles are China (19% global share) and the U.S. (18% global share). When treated as one entity, the EU produces 27% of the global share.

China increased its production of peer-reviewed S&E articles by 8% annually between 2006 to 2016, compared to only 1% in the U.S. In 2016, China surpassed the U.S. in publications of S&E research papers. The publications included in these data have been vetted for quality by international experts using consistent standards across countries.

> In 2014, publications with U.S. authors were almost twice as likely to be among the world's top 1% most-cited publications than would be expected based on the volume of U.S. publications.





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